PETRON IF-1

SECTION 1:	PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION			
Product Name	PETRON IF-1			
Manufacturer	PETRON CORPORATION JESUS ST., PANDACAN, MANILA			
Chemical Family	Petroleum Hydrocarbons			
Product Type	Low Sulfur Residual Fuel			
Emergency Phone No.	(632) 563-31-21			
NFPA Hazard Identification	2HazardDegree of Hazard20Blue - Health0 - LeastRed - Flammability1 - SlightYellow - Reactivity2 - ModerateWhite - Special3 - High4 - Extreme			
SECTION 2:	COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Hazardous Ingredients	The product predominantly consists of aliphatic, alicyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons. In general, the product is combustible and may contain carcinogenic components. However, as long as normal precautions in handling petroleum products are observed and good standards of industrial and personal hygiene are maintained no significant safety and health hazard is expected.			
SECTION 3:	HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION			
Primary Entry Routes	Inhalation of vapors, eye contact, skin contact/absorption			
Target Organs	Respiratory system, eyes, skin			
Eye Contact	May cause eye irritation upon direct contact.			
Skin Contact	Low order of toxicity under normal use. However, avoid prolonged or repeated contact with the product to prevent defatting and dermatitis. Carcinogenic materials are also present.			
Ingestion	Ingestion is an unlikely event. However, accidental ingestion can lead to vomiting and aspiration into the lungs. This can result in chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal.			



Inhalation	Under normal conditions, the product may not be considered an inhalat hazard. However, hydrogen sulfide, which is classified as very toxic inhalation, can be present at trace levels in the liquid and can be libera into the vapor phase above the liquid where it can reach potenti. hazardous concentrations. Prolonged exposure to vapors or oil mists r also lead to chronic inflammatory reaction of the lungs and a form pulmonary fibrosis.	
Workplace Exposure Limits	No limit is known for the product. However, available information recommends a maximum exposure limit of 100 ppm (8-hour Time Weighted Average) for aromatic and aliphatic compounds which may be present as mixed hydrocarbons in air. Oil mists must not exceed 5 mg/m ³ .	

SECTION 4:	FIRST AID MEASURES		
Eye Contact	Rinse eyes immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes or until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, get prompt medical attention.		
Skin Contact	Immediately clean contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, and launder before reuse.		
Ingestion	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting due to risk of aspiration into the lungs. Give plenty of water to drink. Keep at rest and seek medical attention immediately.		
Inhalation	If overexposed to oil mist, remove affected person immediately to fresh air. Administer artificial respiration if breathing is irregular or has stopped. Call for prompt medical attention.		
SECTION 5:	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Flash Point, PM, °C	65		
Extinguishing Media	In case of fire use foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguishers.		
Special Fire-fighting Procedures	Do not use water to extinguish fire unless in conjunction with foam compound or in cooling exposed surfaces or containers. Vapors are heavie than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback.		
Decomposition Products under Fire Conditions	Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, particulate matter, water, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen sulfide, unburn hydrocarbons, unidentified organic and inorganic compounds are expected from normal combustion.		
SECTION 6:	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		
Land Spill	Taking normal safety precaution, shut off source of product. Prevent the liquid from entering sewers, water courses or low-lying areas. Advise the relevant authorities, taking measures to minimize the effects on ground water. Recover from surface by skimming or pumping using explosion-proof		



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Water SpillUse booms to confine spills immediately. Remove from the water surface
by skimming or with suitable absorbents. If permitted by local authorities
and environmental agencies, disperse the residue in unconfined waters.
Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure conformity
to local disposal regulations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Procedures Keep away from potential sources of ignition. Open container in a wellventilated area. Avoid breathing vapors. Keep containers closed when not in use. Prevent small spills and leakages to avoid slip hazard. Wash thoroughly after handling. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause death or injury. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or properly disposed of.

Storage Procedures Store in cool, well ventilated areas, away from sources of ignition.

SECTION 8:	EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION		
Ventilation Procedures	Use local exhaust ventilation to control mists or vapors. Addition ventilation or exhaust may be required to maintain air concentratio below exposure limits.		
Gloves Protection	Use chemical resistant gloves.		
Eye Protection	In case of splashing, wear safety glasses with side shields.		
Respiratory Protection	Use NIOSH/MSHA approved full face respirator with a combination organic vapor and high efficiency filter cartridge if the recommended exposure limit is exceeded. Use self-contained breathing apparatus for entry into confined space, for other poorly ventilated areas and for large spill clean-up sites.		
Clothing Recommendation	Wear either a chemical protective suit or apron when potential f contact with material exists. Use neoprene or nitrile rubber boots wh necessary to avoid contaminating shoes. Do not wear rings, watches similar apparel that could entrap the material and cause a skin reaction.		
SECTION 9:	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
Density at 15°C, kg/m3	891.1		
Water Solubility	Insoluble		



Odor	Characteristic of petroleum products			
Appearance	Black liquid			
Viscosity at 50°C, cSt	9.270			
SECTION 10:	STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			
Stability	Material is normally stable at ambient temperature.			
Incompatibility	Strong oxidizing agents			
Polymerization	Will not occur			
Hazardous Decomposition Products	In case of combustion or thermal decomposition, carbon monoxide and other toxic and irritant fumes may be formed.			
SECTION 11:	ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
Ecotoxicity	Harmful to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects to the aquatic environment; biodegradable in aerobic conditions but not biodegradable in anaerobic conditions with high bioaccumulation potential.			
SECTION 12:	DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
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Waste Disposal SECTION 13: UN UN Number Packing Group	Material, if discarded, is expected to be hazardous waste. The product may be burned under controlled conditions and should be in compliance with local and national waste management regulations. TRANSPORT REGULATIONS 1202 III			



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SECTION 14:	APPROVALS	
Approvals	Technical Department Petron Corporation	

This is a computer-generated form and does not require a signature.

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